

# ACRONYMS AND DEFINITIONS

## ACRONYMS

ACQR:	Air Quality Control Region
ADR:	Alternate Dispute Resolution
ADSS:	Air Data Screening System
AEERL:	Air and Energy Engineering Research Laboratory
AL:	Acceptable Level
ALAPO:	Association of Local Air Pollution Control Officers
ALARA:	As Low As Reasonably Achievable
AMOS:	Air Management Oversight System
APA:	Administrative Procedures Act
APCA:	Air Pollution Control Association
APCD:	Air Pollution Control District
APEN:	Air Pollution Emission Notice
APHA:	American Public Health Association
APTI:	Air Pollution Training Institute
AQCC:	Air-Quality Control Commission
AQCCT:	Air-Quality Criteria and Control Techniques
AQCP:	Air Quality Control Program
AQCR:	Air-Quality Control Region
AQD:	Air-Quality Digest
AQDHS:	Air-Quality Data Handling System

AQDM:	Air-Quality Display Model
AQMA:	Air-Quality Maintenance Area
AQMD:	Air Quality Management District
AQMP:	Air-Quality Maintenance Plan; Air-Quality Management Plan
AQSM:	Air-Quality Simulation Model
AQTAD:	Air-Quality Technical Assistance Demonstration
A&R:	Air and Radiation
ARA:	Assistant Regional Administrator; Associate Regional Administrator
ARAR:	Applicable or Relevant and Appropriate Standards, Limitations, Criteria, and Requirements
ARB:	Air Resources Board
ARIP:	Accidental Release Information Program
ARL:	Air Resources Laboratory
ARM:	Air Resources Management
ARO:	Alternate Regulatory Option
ARRPA:	Air Resources Regional Pollution Assessment Model
ATERIS:	Air Toxics Exposure and Risk Information System
ATTF:	Air Toxics Task Force
A/WPR:	Air/Water Pollution Report
BAA:	Board of Assistance Appeals
BMP:	Best Management Practice(s)
BO:	Budget Obligations
BOYSNC:	Beginning of Year Significant Non-Compliers

BTZ:	Below the Treatment Zone
CA:	Citizen Act. Competition Advocate. Cooperative Agreements. Corrective Action
CAA:	Clean Air Act; Compliance Assurance Agreement
CAAA:	Clean Air Act Amendments
CAER:	Community Awareness and Emergency Response
CAM:	Compliance Assurance Monitoring rule; Compliance Assurance Monitoring
CAMP:	Continuous Air Monitoring Program
CAO:	Corrective Action Order
CAP:	Compliance Advisory Panel; Corrective Action Plan. Cost Allocation Procedure. Criteria Air Pollutant
CAPs:	Compliance Advisory Panels
CAR:	Corrective Action Report
CASAC:	Clean Air Scientific Advisory Committee
CASLP:	Conference on Alternative State and Local Practices
CASTNet:	Clean Air Status and Trends Network
CATS:	Corrective Action Tracking System
CBEP:	Community Based Environmental Project
CCAP:	Center for Clean Air Policy; Climate Change Action Plan Treaty Organization
CDBG:	Community Development Block Grant
CDI:	Case Development Inspection
CDS:	Compliance Data System
CEA:	Cooperative Enforcement Agreement; Cost and Economic Assessment

CEC:	Commission for Environmental Cooperation
CEE:	Center for Environmental Education
CEEM:	Center for Energy and Environmental Management
CEI:	Compliance Evaluation Inspection
CEM:	Continuous Emission Monitoring
CEMS:	Continuous Emission Monitoring System
CEPP:	Chemical Emergency Preparedness Plan
CEQ:	Council on Environmental Quality
CERCLA:	Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act (1980)
CERT:	Certificate of Eligibility
CESQG:	Conditionally Exempt Small Quantity Generator
CFR:	Code of Federal Regulations
CFR:	Code of Federal Regulations
CHAMP:	Community Health Air Monitoring Program
CHESS:	Community Health and Environmental Surveillance System
CIAQ:	Council on Indoor Air Quality
CM:	Corrective Measure
COI:	Conflict of Interest
CSPA:	Council of State Planning Agencies
CTG:	Control Techniques Guidelines
CWA:	Clean Water Act (aka FWPCA)
CWAP:	Clean Water Action Project

DEQ:	Department of Environmental Quality
DfE:	Design for the Environment
EAP:	Environmental Action Plan
EAR:	Environmental Auditing Roundtable
ECOS:	Environmental Council of the States
ECRA:	Economic Cleanup Responsibility Act
EDF:	Environmental Defense Fund
EF:	Emission Factor
EMS:	Environmental Management Plan
EPA:	Environmental Protection Agency
EPAA:	Environmental Programs Assistance Act
EPACT:	Environmental Policy Act
ERP:	Enforcement Response Policy, Environmental Results Program
ERTAQ:	ERT Air Quality Model
ES:	Enforcement Strategy
FACA:	Federal Advisory Committee Act
FE:	Fugitive Emissions
Federal SBTAP:	Federal Small Business Technical Assistance Program
FOIA:	Freedom Of Information Act
FP:	Fine Particulate
FPPA:	Federal Pollution Prevention Act
FTE:	Full Time Equivalent
GFO:	Grant Funding Order

GICS:	Grant Information and Control System
GOCO:	Government-Owned/ Contractor-Operated
GOGO:	Government-Owned/ Government-Operated
GOPO:	Government-Owned/ Privately-Operated
GRAS:	Generally Recognized as Safe
HA:	Health Advisory
HAP:	Hazardous Air Pollutant
HAPEMS:	Hazardous Air Pollutant Enforcement Management System
HAPPS:	Hazardous Air Pollutant Prioritization System
HHE:	Human Health and the Environment
HI:	Hazard Index
HPV:	High Priority Violator
I/A:	Innovative/Alternative
IA:	Interagency Agreement
IAP:	Incentive Awards Program. Indoor Air Pollution
IAQ:	Indoor Air Quality
IATDB:	Interim Air Toxics Data Base
ICR:	Information Collection Request
IDLH:	Immediately Dangerous to Life and Health
IRG:	Interagency Review Group
ISMAP:	Indirect Source Model for Air Pollution
ITG:	Information Transfer Group
ITRC:	Interstate Technology Regulatory Coordination

JAPCA:	Journal of Air Pollution Control Association
JEIOG:	Joint Emissions Inventory Oversight Group
JPA:	Joint Permitting Agreement
LAER:	Lowest Achievable Emission Rate
LCL:	Lower Control Limit
LGR:	Local Governments Reimbursement Program
LRTAP:	Long Range Transboundary Air Pollution
MAPSIM:	Mesoscale Air Pollution Simulation Model
MCL:	Maximum Contaminant Level
MOS:	Margin of Safety
NAAEC:	North American Agreement on Environmental Cooperation
NAAQS:	National Ambient Air Quality Standards
NACEPT:	National Advisory Council for Environmental Policy and Technology
NAMS:	National Air Monitoring Stations
NAPS:	National Air Pollution Surveillance
NCAP:	National Compliance Advisory Panel
NCEI:	National Center for Environmental Innovation
NEPI:	National Environmental Policy Institute
NESHAP:	National Emission Standard for Hazardous Air Pollutants
NSC:	SBO/SBAP National Steering Committee
NSPS:	New Source Performance Standards
OAQPS:	Office of Air Quality Planning and Standards
OAR:	Office of Air & Radiation

OBCI:	Office of Business and Community Innovation
OE:	Office of the Environment
OECA:	Office of Enforcement and Compliance Assurance
OEI:	Office of Environmental Information
OMB:	Office of Management and Budget
OPEI:	Office of Policy, Economics & Innovation
OPP:	Operating Permit Program
OPPTS	Office of Prevention, Pesticides & Toxic Substances
OSDBU:	Office of Small & Disadvantaged Business Utilization
OSWER:	Office of Solid Waste & Emergency Response
OW	Office of Water
P2:	Pollution Prevention
PIT:	Permit Improvement Team
PP:	Program Planning
PPG:	Performance Partnership Grant
PRA	Paperwork Reduction Act
PRI:	Periodic Reinvestigation
PTE:	Potential to Emit
QC:	Quality Control
QNCR:	Quarterly Noncompliance Report
RACM:	Reasonably Available Control Measures
RAMS:	Regional Air Monitoring System
RAPS:	Regional Air Pollution Study



RAQP:	Regional Air Quality Program
RCO:	Regional Compliance Officer
RCRA:	Resource Conservation and Recovery Act
RD&D:	Research, Development and Demonstration
REEP:	Review of Environmental Effects of Pollutants
RECLAIM:	Regional Clean Air Initiatives Marker
RESOLVE:	Center for Environmental Conflict Resolution
RFA:	Regulatory Flexibility Act
RIA:	Regulatory Impact Analysis; Regulatory Impact Assessment
RQ:	Reportable Quantities
RTM:	Regional Transport Model
SAEWG:	Standing Air Emissions Work Group
SAMWG:	Standing Air Monitoring Work Group
SARA:	Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986
SBA:	Small Business Administration
SBAP:	Small Business Assistance Program
SBPRA:	Small Business Paperwork Relief Act
SBDC:	Small Business Development Center
SBO:	Small Business Ombudsman
SBREFA:	Small Business Regulatory Enforcement Fairness Act
SBRFB:	Small Business Regulatory Fairness Board
SBEAP:	Small Business Environmental Assistance Program
SBO:	Small Business Ombudsman

SBTCP:	Small Business Stationary Source Technical and Environmental Compliance Program
SCAP:	Superfund Consolidated Accomplishment Plan
SCRC:	Superfund Community Relations Coordinator
SEA:	State Enforcement Agreement
SEA:	State/EPA agreement
SEAS:	Strategic Environmental Assessment system
SEP:	Supplementary Environmental Project
SEPWC:	Senate Environment and Public Works Committee
SF:	Standard Form. Superfund
SFS:	State Funding Study
SIC:	Standard Industrial Classification
SIP:	State Implementation Plan
SITE:	Superfund Innovative Technology Evaluation
SLAMS:	State/Local Air Monitoring Station
SMP:	State Management Plan
SNAAQs:	Secondary National Ambient Air Quality Standards
SNC:	Significant Noncompliers
SPAR:	Status of Permit Application Report
SPS:	State Permit System
SRF:	State Revolving Fund
SSC:	State Superfund Contracts
STALAPCO:	State and Local Air- Pollution Control Officials
STAPPA:	State and Territorial Air Pollution

TAG:	Technical Assistance Grant
TAMS:	Toxic Air Monitoring System
TAMTAC:	Toxic Air Monitoring System Advisory Committee
TAP:	Technical Assistance Program
TAPDS:	Toxic Air Pollutant Data System
TRC:	Technical Review Committee
TRD:	Technical Review Document
TSP:	Total Suspended Particulates
UAQI:	Uniform Air Quality Index
UARG:	Utility Air Regulatory Group
WICEM:	World Industry Conference on Environmental Management
ZRL:	Zero Risk Level

## DEFINITIONS

**Act:** the Clean Air Act, as amended in 1990

**Agency:** The Environmental Protection Agency

**Air Contaminant or air contamination:** the presence in the outdoor atmosphere of any dust, fumes, mist, smoke, vapor, gas, or other gaseous fluid, or particulate substance differing in composition from or exceeding in concentration the natural components of the atmosphere

**Air pollutant or air pollution:** means the presence in the outdoor atmosphere of one or more air contaminants or combinations thereof in such quantities and of such duration as are or may tend to be injurious to human, plant or animal life

**Cross-media:** the transfer of environmental contaminants, pollutants or releases, toxic chemicals, industrial waste or hazardous waste from one environmental medium, such as the air or water, to another, such as the land. An example of a cross-media transfer is the disposal of air or water control sludges in a landfill or incinerator

**Control and Controlling:** prohibition of contaminants as related to air pollution

**Control Strategy:** a plan to attain National Ambient Air Quality Standards or to prevent exceeding those standards

**Medium sized business:** any business with 500 employees or less and more than 100 employees

**Emissions:** releases or discharges into the outdoor atmosphere or any air contaminant or combination thereof

**Hazardous air pollutant:** any air pollutant to which no ambient air quality standard is applicable and which may cause, contribute to, an increase in mortality or an increase in serious irreversible, or incapacitating reversible, illness

**Medium-sized business:** any business with 500 employees or less and more than 100 employees

**Multi-media:** involving or considering air, water or land in reference to actual or potential releases to the environment; not limited to a single environmental medium

**Permitting Authority:** the federal, state or local agency responsible for issuing permits

**Pollution control:** any effort to capture, collect, treat or otherwise manage any waste or contaminant after it has been generated or released. These activities commonly involve “end-of-the-pipe” management. The term does not include source reduction or environmentally sound recycling

**Pollution prevention:** the use of source reduction techniques in order to reduce risk to public health, safety, welfare and the environment and, as second preference, the use of environmentally sound recycling to achieve these same goals. Pollution prevention avoids cross-media transfers of waste and/or pollutants and is multi-media in scope. It addresses all types of waste and environmental releases to the air, water and land. Examples of pollution prevention include process modifications, input substitutions, materials recovery, closed-loop recycling and use of less toxic or non-toxic materials. Examples which do not constitute pollution prevention include sending waste or toxic chemicals off-site for management, incineration, energy recovery, treatment to reduce volume and/or toxicity before a waste is disposed, bankruptcy or reduction in production volume, and installation of pollution control equipment.

**Recycling:** to use, reuse or reclaim a material

**Region:** an air quality control region designated by the Secretary of Health, Education and Welfare or the EPA Administrator, or any area designated by the state as an air quality control region

**Small sized business:** any business with 100 or fewer employees

**Source:** any property, real or personal, or person contributing to air pollution

**Source reduction:** any effort to reduce, at the source, the quantity of industrial waste generation, hazardous waste generation, toxic chemical use or any release into the environment, through changes in the waste generating or other production process. Source reduction measures include, but are not limited to, process modifications, feedstock purity, good operating and management practices, increases in the efficiency of machinery, and recycling within a waste generating or other production process.

**State:** any non-Federal permitting authority, including any local agency, interstate association, or statewide program

**Stationary source:** any building, structure, facility, or installation, which emits or may emit any air pollutant subject to regulation

**Title V program or state program:** a program approved by the Environmental Protection Agency for purposes of Title V of the Clean Air Act, as amended